I.O.-9625

1.0,9625

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

A/D.C.I.

Seized 1,500 copies of Periodical Entitled "Shanghai Fostal Worker"

The application for the disposal of above periodical came up again for hearing before the Appeal Court of the Provisional Court at 3 p.m. December 27, when the case was remanded sine die.

Reamed of Count attached &

6. Tapp

D. S. 1

30/21/20 / Jum

OPP

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Friday, Dec. 27th. 29

Register No. 2/70,819 Station Louza

Deputy Mr. Meinhardt

legge wkao &

appeal by the Police against bout decision in the matter of sheet No. 11 deshiral of 1500 ropes of AFPBAL SO TRIShanghar Postal Work

Proceedings

Mr. "inter appeared for the Police.

Mr. Tsang Kyi appeared for the owners of the books.

Appellant

The owner of the books.

Grounds

The books in should be returned to the owner, \cdot s per remarks on the charge sheet.

Proceedings

Mr. Tsang Ming Kyi :- I am only appealing for the return of the books, not the accused.

... Mr. Minter: The effects of my ampeal are contained in the petition.

Judge Chui to Counsel: - According to Article 63 of the Criminal Code the books should have been returned at the time the decision in the Lower Court was given. I cannot do anything in this case now.

Mr. Winter to Judge Chui :- According to the Judgment rendered in the Lower Court, the books that were seized are to be kept at the Police Station.

Judge Chui :- If the books were not ordered to be confiscated, they must be returned.

Mr. Tsang :- This case has already been heard and the accused have been dismissed.

Mr. Winter: - If the Court sees the petition of a peal from the Police, it clearly states in condition 1 and 2 of same, why we want the books seized.

Mr. Teang :- The books were not prohibited, therefore the accused were dismissed. When I went to the Police Station to get the books I was refused, so I took the petition for appeal.

I have no other reason. I admit that the time allowed for appeal after the sentence in the Lower Court is over, but, as I have said.

before, when I went to the Police Station to get the books I was

Register No. 2/70,819 Station Louza

Deputy Mr.

Judge Mr.

heet No. 12.

The accused were not guilty, therefore the books should The counsel for the rolice states that the books were Communistic, they are not as such as the Court can see.

mr. inter :- The counsel for the owner of the books. has accused the Folice in not handing over the books. no direct evidence who published these books. According to Article 124 of the Criminal Code the books were of a hostile nature against a friendly nation.

(Here the article was exclaimed to the court)

Sudge Chui to as. winter :- (after seeing the article) The translation of this article into English is not correct, there is nothing relating to books.

Mr. Winter to Judge Chui :- I would tak for an adjournment in this case so that I can get further instructions.

Judge Chui :- For your benefit I will adjourn the case.

Decision

Remanded Sine-die.

A.V. Stevens.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

A/D.C. I.,

,500 copies of Periodical "Shanghai Postal Worker"

The application for the disposal of above periodical came up again for hearing before the Provisional Court at 2.30 p.m. to-day when the Court decided that they be returned to original // owner pending appeal by the Municipal Police.

· activities.

3//1/29

SHAWEHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE C. I. D. PAGENSTRY No. 1. G. 9.625

OFFICE OF PULICE ADVOCATE

Shanghai, March 15, 1929.

S. L. Burdett, Esquire,

Representing Senior Consul's Deputies.

Shanghai.

31r:

With reference to the request of the Deputies for a statement of the facts in the above entitled matter, I beg to briefly epitomize same as follows:

On the 4th day of October, 1928, the Shanghai Municipal Council applied for an order for the disposal of 1,500 copies of a booklet entitled, the "Shanghai Postal Worker". The contents of this booklet are highly inflammatory. I enclose herewith translations of the objectionable portions.

At the hearing of October 4th, warrants were issued for Zau Kyung Kwei and Zang Chi Zer, and the booklets were ordered to be kept at the Police Station. On October 11, 1928, the two persons above mused were brought before the Court and charged with publishing and issuing the inflammable booklets above referred to. After two trial, the two defendants were acquitted and it was ordered that the seized copies of the books be temporarily kept at the Police Station. Thereafter on January 31, 1938, the Court mate the following orders in Chambers, without giving the police as departmenty to be bound. On the Foredge Charge Shook.

"Copies of Buildes returned to the territoria; fire.
"" The Deliver Special Digital

"A Latter Store Day Military Designs of Constant Albertan

states Lawyer Chang Chee representing Zang Tshih Zeu et al applied for the return of the booklets in question. As the Court has not made any order for the confiscation of these booklets, they are to be returned in compliance with the request thus made."

Thereafter, on February 8, 1929, the Municipal Council made an application in open Court for cancellation of the above orders on the ground that the Council had not been given an opportunity to be heard. The Judge refused to grant the application, but said, according to the police record:

"The Bureau of Foreign Affairs wrote asking for the return of the books and as they were not confiscated, an order was made for their return. If the Police are not satisfied with this, they can appeal."

In accordance with the Judge's suggestion, the Municipal Council perfected an appeal, which duly came up for hearing in the Appeal Court on March 8, 1929. The Appeal Court, after hearing the arguments of counsel, made the following order:

"Decision in Chambers of January 31st is set aside, and the case shall be returned to the Lower Court for re-hearing."

Subsequent to this time, I instructed my interpreter to read the Chinese file of the case. He found that the following documents had been filed without the knowledge of the police:

- (1) A despatch from the Commissioner of Poreign Affairs for Kiangsu 30: the Shenghai Provisional Court;
- (2) Petition submitted by Lawyer Chang-Chee'to the Genniusianer for Pereign Affairs:
- (3) A Reply from the President of the Provisional Court to the Bureau of Foreign Affairs;
- (4) Another Reply from the Commissioner of Fereigh Affairs to the President of the Shanghai Provisional Court;
- (5) Potition filed by Attaches Comp Chee for the Potitioner Zen Eping Empliment
- (6) Order made on February 1, 1929, at 10 a. m.
 Copies of the above are enclosed herewith. The langue

who appeared for the defendants (Mr. Chang Chee) at the hearing on October 11th was the same as the one who filed the petition with the Commissioner of Foreign affairs. He must have been aware of the circumstances under which the police were holding the books. In spite of this fact, instead of first filing a petition with the Provisional Court, which was the proper procedure, he filed it with the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs, and the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs in turn forwarded it to the Provisional Court. The despatch from the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs to the President of the Provisional Court, while it does not expressly order the Provisional Court to return the books to the accused, yet nevertheless, contains the following:

"Since Zang and Zan have been declared "Not Guilty", the question of whether or not the books seized may be ordered released by the police station and inquiry into the exact status of the case must be referred to Your Homour."

The Judge in his Order of January 31st, as above set forth, referred to the letter from the Kiangsu Bureau of Foreign Affairs, and again referred to it on February 8, 1929, in open Court, indicating that he gave seme weight to the despatch from the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs. The petition filed by Lawyer Chang Chee with the Commissioner of Fereign Affairs is full of inaccuracies and states what Mr. Chang Chee must have, or should have known, was untrue. For instance, the petition provides:

"is liberty of the press and freedom of speech have been declared, no one has an therity to interfere with same, provided such are not contrary to law. For the Shanghai Hunicipal Council has ferribly detained these books, which are in no wise improper, without giving any reasons therefor. This is a flagment act of contempt against the Party and the Nation. If it is in order that the books be confiscated, why were zong and Zon declared not guilty in County The

Shanghai Municipal Council has no power to impose sentences or to confiscate articles seized.

"Further, the books centain no objectionable matter, and the Postal Workers were already on strike when the third issue of the said periodical appeared. If it contains inflammatory matter, the Postal Workers must have been induced to strike by the first and second issues of the periodical, which were previously published. This shows conclusively that these books have not in any way interfered with public peace and order. However, the Shanghai Municipal Council, under protection of the unequal treaties exercises the right to do smything it may desire, thereby rendering the Postal Workers' Association and Nyi Shing Printing Shop unable to obtain justice in the matter."

I believe that you will find that the record and the documents herein enclosed substantiate the above resume of the case.

I have the Honor to be.

Sir,

Your Obedient Servant.

RTB/J

Police advocate.

1/- Copy of Despatch, Com. of Foreign Affairs to Shaughai Provisional Court.

2/- Potition submitted by Lawrer Chang Chee to

Com. for Foreign Affairs.

5/- Reply from President of Previsional Court
to Buream of Foreign Affairs.

4/- Another Reply from the Com. of Fereign Affairs to the President of the Shanghai Provisional Court.

5/- Petition filed by Attorney Chang Chee for the Petitioner Zan Kyung Kwel.

6/- Order made on February 1, 1929, at 10 a. m.

7/- Copy of Record.

8/- Translation of Excerpts from the "Shanghai Postal Worker". æ

A DESPATCH

FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
FOR KIANGSU PROVINCE TO THE SHANGHAI
PROVISIONAL COURT.

A petition filed in this office by Mr. Tsang Gee, Attorney at Law, has been brought to my attention. This petition reads:

"At the time of the strike of the Postal Workers, the Shanghai Municipal Council was informed that the periodical styled "Shanghai Postal Workers' Union, contained matter of an inflammatory nature. Subsequently Zang Chi Zer and Zau Ching Kwe were charged in Court with inciting a strike and 1,500 copies of the periodical were seized. Zang and Zau were found "not guilty", but the copies of the periodical were not returned. Hence I beg you to enter a protest, demanding their return."

Accordingly representatives have been sent to the Council to offer verbal protest. Advice was later received by me that according to information given out by Acting Police Commissioner Martin, this case has been decided by the Provisional Court and the books ordered temporarily held. The Council, on its part, continues the communication, would be pleased to surrender the books, provided the Court will set aside the judgment by written order; otherwise, it will not be in order to return them. Captain Martin further stated that the material contained in the books was improper, and this purported to insite the strike. Since Zang and Zau have been declared "Not Guilty", the question of whether or not the books seized may be ordered released by the police station and inquiry into the exact status of the case must be referred to Your Homsur.

WHEREFORE, I forward you the petition and trust you will give it due attention.

Dated January 11, 1929.

(S4) Winse King.

PETITION

SUBMITTED BY LAWYER TSANG GEE TO THE COM-HIDSIOBER FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Postal Workers' Union and the Byl Shing Printing Shop issue the following statement:

"During the strike of the Postal Norkers, the Shanghai Municipal Council prosecuted Zang Chi Zer, Head of the Propaganda Department of the Postal Norkers' Union, and Zan King Kwe, Manager of the Myi Shing Printing Shop, for publishing a periodical entitled, "Shanghai Postal Norkers", which was alleged to contain matter inciting the workers to strike. At the same time 1,500 copies of the publication were seized, a receipt being given by Er. Robertson for the books at the time of the seizure. At the trial of Zung and Zau in the Provisional Court, the accused were declared not guilty, and the seized books were ordered to be taken back to the police station. The police continue in possession of these books which have been retained without cause. We understand that you have written to the Chinese Rate Payers' Association requesting assistance in the matter, but so far, no settlement has been made. With this in view, we again ask you to arrange for the return of the books."

As liberty of the press and freedom of speech have been declared, no one has authority to interfere with same, provided such are not contrary to law. Now the Shanghai Municipal Council has forcibly detained these books, which are in no wise improper, without giving any reason therefor. This is a flagrant act of contempt against the Party and the Nation. If it is in order that the books be confiscated, why were Mang and Manual declared not guilty in Court? The Shanghai Municipal Council has no power to impose sentences or to confiscate articles seized.

Further, the books contain no objectionable matter, and the Postal workers were already on strike when the third issue of the said periodical appeared. If it contains inflammatory matter, the Postal workers must have been induced to strike by the first and second issues of the periodical, which were previously published. This shows condiminely that these books have not in any way interfered with public pance and order. However, the Shanghai Municipal Council, under protection of

the unequal treaties exercise the right to do anything it may desire, thereby rendering the Postal Workers' Association and Myi Shing Printing Shop unable to obtain justice in the matter.

of China and to point out the law. Though the value of the books is inconsequential, I feel it is my duty to ask you to enter a protest with the Semior Consul and order the Shanghai Municipal Council to return the books which have been illegally detained. Let us fight for the rights of the citizen living within the Settlement! Suppress the illegal treatment of the Chinese People!

(Sd) Tsang Gee

Enclosure No. 3.

A REPLY

FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE PROVISIONAL COURT TO THE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

Re Seized Periodical Entitled "Shanghai Postal Workers".

Your despatch re the petition of Mr. Tsang Gee. Attorney at Law, has been duly noted. The fifteen hundred copies of the "Shanghai Postal Worker" were seized by the Police, and authority has been requested by them to confiscate the property. We have summoned the printer of the periodical. Zau Ching Kwe. Proprietor of Nyi Zung Printing Shop, who testified in Court that he was authorized by Zang Chi Zer to print these copies. Zang also testified in the Court that the editorials contained in the periodical were copied from Ming Kuo Jih Pao and there was no instigation of any sort practiced. The accused were declared "Not Guilty" by the Court. Subsequent to acquittal. Zau Ching Kwe petitioned this Court for the return of the seized books, but he was advised to address his petition directly to the Police Station. These are the facts of the case.

Dated the 16th day of January, 1929.

1

ANOTHER REPLY

FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SHANGHAI PROVISIONAL COURT.

Re the Periodical "Shanghai Postal Worker". Held by the Shanghai Municipal Police.

Your reply to the effect that the Petitioner, Zau
Ching Kwe, has been ordered to petition to the Police
Station direct for the return of the seized books has
been duly received. This Bureau has sent its representative
to negotiate with the Municipal Council, in pursuance of
which, I am informed, Acting Commissioner of Police, Capt.
Martin, has advised that unless the Shanghai Provisional
Court effects the withdrawal of the original judgment by
written order, the Council is unable to return the seized
periodicals in view of the fact that the matter therein contained was deemed to have been a factor in inciting the strike.

(Sd) Wunsze King

PETITION

FILED BY ATTORNEY TSANG GEE FOR THE PETITIONER, ZAU CHIEG KWE

The Petitioner hereby petitions this Honourable Court to order the Police Authorities to return the copies of periodical unlawfully seized and detained by them.

The Petitioner was the printer of the periodical styled "Shanghai Postal Workers". At the strike of the workmen, the Police attached to the Central Police Station seized 1,500 copies of the periodical, and they further prosecuted the petitioner, charging him with . inciting the strike. He was tried and declared "Not Guilty". Mowever, the seized books are still being held by the pelice in spite of protracted negotiations between the printer's attorney, Mr. Tsang, and the police authorities. The editorials contained in the periodical are in conformity with the principles of the Kuomintang. Since the opinions expressed in the books were not reactionary and since its publication was not against the law, how could they be confiscated without any reason? An accessory punishment must derive its authority from the principal punishment. New since the principal punishment was not established, what could the accessory punishment be based upon? If a periodical like this may be confiscated, then everything in black and while may be confiscated. The petitioner is at a less to find any law upon which the police can rely in support of this seisure. Since the seizure, the petitioner has foreign great loss.

WHEREFORE, the petitioner prays this Homographic Court to order the Pelies Authorities to return the fifteen hun-

dred copies of the seized books.

Dated October, 1928.

Petitioner: Zau Ching Kwe (Proprietor of the Hyi Zung Printing Shop)

Attornoy at Law: Tsang Gee.

Enclosure No. 6.

JUDGE'S ORDER MADE ON FEBRUARY 1, 1929, AT 10 A. M.

"Since the defendants in the case at bar have been declared "Not Guilty", and the copies of the periodical styled "The Postal Workers" were not ordered to be confiscated, the latter should be returned."

"Proclamation was made by the Court on November 2, 1928.

"Petition received. Case has been decided. The petitioner is ordered to petition to the Police Station directly."

From 22
G. 20,000-2-29 . Enclosure No. 7.

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Thursday, 4th oct. 192 8.

Register No. 2/70819 Station Louza Deputy Mr. Shimizu Judge Mr. Chen

Application by the Police for the disposal of 1,500 copies of a booklet entitled the "Shanghai Postal Worker" seized at the I Chen Printing Shop, 37, Chapoo Road, at 4. p.m. on the 3.10.28.

Proceed-

Mr. Paul P.Y.Ru: This is an application for the confiscation of 1,500 books entitled the "Shanghai Postal Worker" which was seized at 4 p.m. yesterday at the "I Chen Printing Shop", No. 37, Chapoo Road, these bookds are of highly communistic nature. I also ask for warrants to be issued for the arrest of "Tsang Tsih Zai" the editor of the bookds and "Zau Ching Kwei" the printer of the books.

C.D.I.Robertson: At about 4. p.m. yesterday I visited the "I Chen Printing Shop", No. 37, Chapoo Road and seized 1,500 booklets entitled the "Shanghai Postal Worker", the extracts of the book submitted to the Court are of a highly inflammatory nature. I ask for seals to be issued to close the shop.

Decision.

J. E. P. B.

Warrant to issue against 2 Chinese.

1,500 copies of this booklet to be seized and kept at the Police Station.

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Thursday, Octol1, 192 8

Louza Register No..... 2/70819 Station Shimizu Deputy Mr ... Judge Mr. Chen

Accus ed Nos-2/71246

Charge

Sheet No. 2.

Zau Kyung Kwei Zang Tsih Zoen

Summons.

For that you on the did issue cert to wit, "The Shanghai Postal Workers". did issue certain inflammable books

Proceedings.

Mr. Paul P.Y. Ru appeared for the Police.

Mr. Tsang Kyi appeared for the accused.

Mr. Ru :- These books are of an inflammable nature and I understand that the Court has read them.

1st accused (in answer to the Judge) :- I keep a printing shop at 37 Chefoo Road, We printed the books which are complained of. On the 5-9-28 the 2nd accused came to me and asked me to print the books. The books deal with the living conditions of the Postal Workers. I think that about eighty books were printed.

and accused :- I am employed in the Post Office. I gave instructions for the books to be printed. I am not alone responsible as the books were printed by order of the Strike Committee. The matter in the books was collected from various papear

Mr. Tsang:- The books were printed for private distribution among the Postal employees who were members of the Union. They are not for the Public.

Mr. Ru :- The books advocate striking for trivial things. I suggest that Article 160 Section 1 should apply in this case.

Judge: - There is no proof that the Postal Strike started through these books and therefore Article 160 Section 1 cannot apply. It cannot be said that the books contributed to the strikt. Decision

> 1st accused - Bischarged. 2nd accused with caution.

Seised copies of the books will still be kept at the Police Station.

J. Montgomery.

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Monday, 4th reb. 1929.

Register No. 2/70819 Station Louza Deputy Mr. Shimian Judge Mr. Chen

Sheet No. 5.

Proceed_ ings

Decision

Nil. (Charge sheet endorsed in Chambers).

Copies of the Booklet returned to the accused. 31.1.29.

Chinese Charge Sheet marked:-

A letter from the Kiangsu Bureau of Foreign Affairs states Lawyer Chang Chee representing Zang Yshih Zeu et. al. applied for the return of the booklets in question. As the Court has not made any order for the confiscation of these booklets, they are to be returned in compliance with the request thus made.

E. R. Butcher.

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Friday, 8th Feb. 192 9.

Register No. 2/70819

Station Louza

Deputy Mr.

Judge Mr. Chen

Sheet No. 4.

Mr. R.T. Bryan appeared for the Police.

Mr. Bryan :- In this case the Court has endorsed the charge sheet that certain books are to be returned to lawyer Chang Kyi and that order was given in our absence and a think that we should have been given an opportunity to be heard before the order was given. Deputy Mr. Shimizh was sitting with Your Honour in this case and I understand that he will not be sitting anymore and my application is that the Court set the case down so that the representative of the Kiangsu Provincial Government can come to Court and make his application and then we will oppose it.

The Judge :- The Bureau of Foreign Affairs wrote asking for the return of the books and as they were not confiscated an order was made for their return. If the Police are not satisfied with this they can appeal.

Decision

E. Halwell.

Mr. Bryan :- I will file an appeal today.

Both Chinese and foreign charge sheets not marked.

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Friday, Mar-8th 1929.

Wu.

Register No. 2/70819 Station Louse Deputy Mr. Shimiza Judge Mr. Ghui.

Appeal Court.

Appeal by the Police against the handing over of the pamphlets in this case.

Grounds of appeal.

That the Court of the First Instance had no jurisdiction to make the order on January 31st without giving the Police an opportunity to be heard.

That the said literature is of an inflammatory nature.

Messrs Bryan and Tsang Kyi appeared for the Police and the accused respectively.

Proceed_ ings.

Mr. Bryan :- Outlined the case and the judgment rendered and added :- When the petition was put forward by the Counsel for the accused it was not put forward in open Court and the Police have two points that they wish to argue on in this case. First of all the Court had no authority to hand over the pamphlets to the Counsel for the accused without giving the Police due notice and further the fact that they are of an inflammatory nature. The Court will note the pages that I have made marks on, they are pages, 5,20, 45, 48, 50, 59, 63, 67, 81, 84, 90 and 107. According to the orders of the Mixed Court all applications should be made in open Court and the other side should be given at least the days notice.

This was not done and when the Police discovered this they brought the Charge Sheets to Court and the Court stated that the pamphlets had been handed over and if the Police wished to appeal they could do so. The sentence did not state what was to be done with the pamphlets in the first place and the sentence merely stated that the two accused were acquitted. I did not see any written Judgment. I take it that the two accused were acquitted as they were not the people that were responsible for the publishing of the books. According to Arts 194 of the C.C. of the R.C. any person who without authority commits an hostile sot again any state has committed a criminal offence. In the first page of these beeks will be seen a ploture of whit is alleged to be a

Postal worker the has been wounded uith a Japanese bayonet and on the next page is another picture of another alleged Postal worker the has been threshed of the stryp. The passages that I have marks

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for

Judge Mr.

192

Register No.

Station____

Deputy Mr.

Sheet No. 6.

refer to the Tsinan Affair and also the May 30th affair. On other pages are references to the Capitalists, and the Imperialists etc.

I am not here to argue on the question of Extra-territoriality and that I leave to the Diplomats but I feel that this is not the proper way to go about it. It is obvious that the book was published with an idea of stirring up the peoples feelings against Japan and other countries. The books are a publication that form a hostile act and as such they should be suppressed.

Mr. Tsang :- I appeared in the open Court in the first case when I made the application and I was told to go to the Police Station for the books and they refuse to hand them over to me. I then wrote the letter to the Bureau of Foreign Affairs and the answer was sent to the Court.

Judge Chui :- The application should have been made in open Court.

Judge Wu: The appeal by the Police is quite in order and the books should have been mentioned on the Charge Sheet when the sentence was passed in the first instance. The Court of the First Instance was slack in that they did not mention the disposal of the books and I will turn the case back to the Lower court again.

Deciaion.

Decision in Chambers of January 51st is set aside, and the case shall be returned to the Lower Court for re-hearing.

E.C. Watson.

TRANSLATION OF EXTRACTS FROM "THE SHANGHAI POSTAL WORKER", No. 3. Vol. I. September 20. 1928.

Page 5.

Workers! Oppressed Peoples! Unite and Re-Assume
Your Responsibility for a Revolution! Break our
Slave Bond, the Boxer Treaty! Break this, Lock and
Chain! Let us Emancipate the Chinese People! Accomplish Our Historical Mission!

Page 20.

We Workers all realize that the Imperialists are our Deadly Enemies. All Capitalists, Militarists and Traitorous Labourers depend upon the Imperialists' Influence in Oppressing us. But why have the Imperialists such a great influence? It is because they are protected by the Boxer Treaty. This Treaty was signed on September 7th, so we should never forget the anniversary of September 7th.

Page 43.

The May 30th Tragedy (massacre), the Wanhsien Incident, the Shameon Tragedy, the Murder of Chen Ah Dong by Japanese Soldiers, the Sing Dah Hing case, the killing of an anti-Japanese crowd at Amey and the recent Tsinan Tragedy of May 3rd, all are proofs of the atrectity and cruelty of the Imperialists. Their only instrument is the Deplorable Bexer Treaty. If the Chinese People wish to remove their "Colonial" sufferings, they must first eliminate the Bexer Treaty and everthree the Imperialists.

Page 48.

We have only one way wit, - that is to adopt a firm

attitude, and to abolish for all time the unequal treaties; otherwise, it is not a revolution at all and China would never be emancipated.

Page 50.

"Imperialism" does not depend upon the good or bad disposition of foreigners. It is a direct product of the development of Capitalism. Therefore in wishing any one Imperialistic Nation to be kind to us and refrain from oppressing us, we simply deceive ourselves. The only way is for the eppressed peoples of the world, with the cooperation of all eppressed classes, to destroy Imperialism. Then and then only can we establish a universal society in the world.

Page 59.

What we want is the final abolition of the unequal treaties. Revision of the treaties is simply a trick being played by the Imperialists. We, the People, are strongly opposed to revision.

Page 63.

There is at present a type of "Executive" who is afraid of revolution. They would not join the revolution. They are eppesed to revolution. This is because they have been induced to do so by the Imperialists. Consequently in order to prevent the growth of new or old militarists and "Ewan Line" (officials), we must first eliminate Imperialism.

Page 67.

Since the outbreak of the Islan tragely, the Government has remained inactive in regard to negatiations. In consequence, the Japanese Imperialists have become more bold and have attacked our pental workers in Zientein.

Postal

Postal Workers of the Whole Country, Arise and Overthrow the Atrocious Japanese Emperialists with your Own Hands! Page 81.

By Overthrowing the Imperialists, we do not mean the overthrow of only a few foreigners. We should eliminate all economic and political influences of the Imperialists in China.

Page 84.

If China wants Liberty and Equality, the first step is undoubtedly the abolition of all Unequal Treaties. At the present time, however, certain people, being afraid of the influence and power of the Imperialists, dare not chout, "Abolish the Treaties", but suggest rather "Revision" of Treaties. This is contrary to the revolutionary idea and all our people should eppose it.

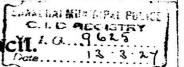
Page 90.

Oppressed Peoples of the Colonies and the Proletariat of Imperialistic Mations are all our friends. We should be closely united and overthrow our common enemies, the International Imperialists!

Page 107.

The French Imperialists have again murdered (by shooting) our fellow worker, Woo Dong Kung, in the French Concession. Workers throughout the Country, unite quickly and exterminate all Imperialists!

Shanghai Municipal Coun





PROSECUTING SOLICITOR'S OFFICE.

Shanghai, March 11, 1929.

Commissioner of Police,

In re Case No. 2/701819

The above case is one in which the Police applied for the disposal of 1,500 copies of a booklet entitled, the SHANGHAI POSTAL WORKER. You will perhaps recall that the Court ordered the return of these books by notation on the Charge Sheet without giving the Police an opportunity to be heard. An appeal was accordingly filed, and came up for hearing on the 8th of March, 1929. The Court ordered "Decision in Chambers of January 31st to be set aside, and the case shall be returned to the Lower Court for rehearing".

Since the hearing in the Appeal Court, I have obtained from the Chinese file the following documents, translations of which are enclosed,

- (1) A despatch from the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs for Kiangsu for the Shanghai Provisional Court;
- (2) Petition submitted by Lawyer Tsang Gee to the Commissioner for Foreign Affairs;

- (3) A reply from the President of the Provisional Court to the Bureau of Foreign Affairs:
- (4) Another reply from the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs to the President of the Shanghai Provisional Court;
- (5) Petition filed by Attorney Tsang Gee for the Petitioner Zau Ching Kwe: and
- (6) Order made on February 1, 1929, at 10 a.m.

The police were not furnished with copies of any of the enclosed documents until I sent my interpreter to examine the Chinese file. The petition submitted by Lawyer Tsang Gee to the Commissioner of Foreign Affairs contains a great deal of abusive language concerning the alleged improper methods of the police. The books were held by the police because the Court had so ordered, and there has been absolutely no illegal action on the part of the police. This matter is called to your attention for such action as you may deem the circumstances warrant.

Prosecuting Solicitor.

RTB/J

No action - Aora la

13/3. Sen (MAH 1 2 1928

Em Barch.

A DESPATCH

FROM THE COULISSIONER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS FOR KIANGSU TO THE SHANGHAT PROVISIONAL COURT.

A petition filed by Mr. Tsang Geo, Attorney at Law, was received by me, stating, "At the time of the strike of the Postal workers, the Shanghai Lunicipal Council was informed that the periodicals styled "Shanghai Postal Workers" published by the Union of the Shanghai Postal Workers, contained inflammatory language, and charged Zang Chi Zer and Zau Ching Kwe subsequently in the Court with inciting strike and took away 1,500 copies of the periodicals. Zang and Zau were declared not guilty, but the periodicals were not returned. Hence I beg you to lodge a protest, ordering their return."

Accordingly representatives has been sent to the council to protest verbally. I was reported subsequently that according to the reply given by Acting Commissioner Martin that this case has been decided by the Provisional Court and the books were ordered to be detained temporarily. So on the part of the Council, he continued, they were very willing to return the books provided the Court will set aside the judgment by issuing a written order, otherwise, they could not be returned. Capt. Martin also remarked that the materials contained in the book were improper and had the color of inciting the strike. Since Zang and Zau have been declared not guilty, the question whether the books seized have been ordered to be taken back from the police station and the actual situation of the case must be referred to Your Honour.

Wherefore I forward you the petition and hope you will give due notice t it.

Dated January 11, 1929.

(Sd) wunses King.

PETITION SUBMITTED BY LAWYER TSANG GHE TO THE CONTISSIONER

FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

The Postal Workers' Union and the Myi Shing Printing Shop stated:

"During the strike by the Postal Office the S.M.C. prosecuted Zang Chi Zer, head of the Propaganda Department of the Postal Workers' Union and Zau King Kwe, manager of the Nyi Shing Printing Shop for publishing a periodical ontitled "bhanghai Poetal Jorkers" containing articles inciting to offences of strike. At the same time, 1,500 copies of the "Shanghai Postal Workers" were seized. (a receipt was given by mr. Robertson for the books seized) As a result of trial Zung and Zau were declared not guilty and the books seized were ordered to be taken back from the police station. However, the police retain custody of the books without cause and the books have not yet been returned. You (lawyer) have written to the Chinese Nate-payers' association requesting for assistance in the matter, but so far no settlement has been made. This is the reason why we now again ask you to arrange for the taking back of the books."

As liberty of publication and speech is provided by law no one has authority to interfere with same if it is not contrary to law. Now the S.K.C. detained by force the proper books without giving any reason. This is the most conspicuous act to dispise the party and the nation. If it is assumed that the books are confished, Messrs Zang & Zau were, however, both declared not guilty in Court. The S.M.C. have no power to impose santences or to confiscate articles seized.

on strike when the 3rd issue of the said periodical had been out press. If it contains inflammatory articles the Postal workers would have been induced to go on strike when the lat & 2nd issues of the periodical were published. This proves that these books do not interfere at all with public peace & order. However, the

S.M.C. under the protection of the unequal treaties exercise its right to do everything as it desires to, thereby causing the Postal Workers! Association and Myi Shing Printing Shop unable to seek justice in the matter.

It is my duty to fight for the sovereignty of China and point of law. Though the value of the books is trifling, as it is my duty so I request you to lodge a protest with Senior Consul and order the S.W.C. to return the books illegally detained. Fight for the rights of the citizen living within the Settlement. Supress the illegal treatment of the Chinese.

(Sd) Tsang Gee

A REPLY

FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE PROVISIONAL COURT TO THE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Rem The seized periodical "Shanghai Postal Workers" Your despatch re the petition of Mr. Teang Gee, Attorney at Law, has been duly noticed. The 1,500 copies of the "Shanghai Postal Workers" seized by the Police Station have been requested by them to be confiscated. We have summoned the printer of the periodicals, Zau King Kwe, proprietor of Nyi Zung Printing Shop, who testified in the court that he was authorized by Zang Chi Zer to print these periodicals. Zang also testified in in the Court that the editorials contained in the periodical were copied from Ming Kuo Jih Pao and there was no instigation of any sort. They were declared not milty by the court. Subsequently, Zau King Kwe petitioned to this Court for the return of the seized books, but he was ordered to petition directly to the Police Station. These are the facts of the case.

Dated the 16th day of January, 1929.

ANOTHER REPLY

FROM THE COMMISSIONER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SHANGHAI PROVISIONAL COURT.

Re the periodical "Shanghai Postal Workers" detained by the Shanghai Municipal Police.

Your reply to the effect that the petitioner Zau King Kwe has been ordered to petition directly to the Police Station for the return of the seized books has been duly received. This Bureau has sent our representative to negotiate with the "unicipal Council, and I was informed that Acting Commissioner of Police, Capt. Hartin said that unless the Shanghai Provisional Court withdrew the original judgment by a written order, the Council could not return the seized periodicals because the language contained in them was suspected of being inciting the strike.

(Sd) wunsze King

PETITION

Filed by Attorney Tsang Gee for the netitioner Zau Ching Kwe.

The petitioner hereby petitions this Honourable Court to order the Police Authorities to return the periodicals unlawfully seized and detained by them.

The petitioner was the printer of the periodicals styled "Shanghai Postal Workers." At the strike of the workmen, the Police attached to the Central Police Station, seized 1,500 copies of the periodicals and they further prosecuted the petitioner with inciting the strike. He was tried and declared not guilty. But the seized books were still detained by the police in spite of repeated negotiations between his attorney ar. Tsang and the police authorities. The editorials contained in them are all written in conformity with the principles of the Knomingtang. Since the opinions expressed in the books were not reactionary and since its publication was not against the law, how could they be confiscated without any reason? An accessory punishment must derive its source from the principal punishment. How, since the principal punishment was not established, where could the accessory punishment come from? Periodicals like these could be confiscated, they everything in black and white could be confiscated. The petitioner was at a loss to find the law upon which the police can justify their seizure. Since the seizure, the petitioner has incurred great loss.

wherefore the petitioner prays this Honourable Court to order the Police authorities to return the 1,500 copies of the seized books.

Dated October, 1928. Petitioner: Zan Ching Kwe (Proprietor of the Nyi Zung

Printing shop)

Attorney at Laws Teang Goe

JUDGE'S ORDER MADE ON FEBRUARY 1. 1929 at 10 a.m.

"Since the defendants in the case at bar have been declared not guilty and since the periodicals styled 'The Postal Workers' were not ordered to be confiscated, they should be returned."

Proclamation was made by the Court on November 2,

Petition received. Case has been decided. The petitioner is ordered to petition to the Police Station directly.

No. 1. 0. 9625

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Priday Var:

The passerie that I have

Chui

Register No. 2/70819.

Louza. Station

Deputy Mr. Shimisu.

Chun Judge Mr.

Sheet No: 5.

Appeal Court.

Appeal by the Police against the handing over of the pamphlets in this case.

Grounds of appeal.

That the Court of theFirst Instance had no Jurisdiction to make the order on January 31st without giving the Police an . opportunity to be heard.

That the said literature is of an inflarmatory nature. Mesers Bryan and Tsang Kyi appeared for the sPolice and the acqueed respectively.

Proceedings

Fr Bryan :- Outlined the case and the Judgement rendered and added :- When the petition was put forward by the Counsel for the accused it was not put forward in open Court and the Police have two points that they wish to argue on in this case. First of all the Court had no authority to hand over the pamphlets to the Counse: for the accused without giving the Police due notice and further the fact that they are of an inflammetory nature. The Court will note the pages that I have made marks on, they are pages, 5,20, 43, 48, 50, 59, 63, 67, 81, 84, 90, and 107. According to the orders of the Eixed Court all applications should be made in open Court and the other side should be given at least two days notice.

This was not done and when the Police discovered this they brought the Charge Sheets to Court and the Court stated that the pamphlets had been hanedel over and if the Police wished to appeal they could do so. The sentence did not state what was to be done with the pamphlets in the first place and the sentence merely stated that the two accused were acquitted. I did not see any wratten Judgment. I take it that the two accused were acquitted as they were not the people that were responsible for the publishing of the books. According to Art: 124 of the CSCS of the B.C. "any person who without authority commits am hostile act again any state? has committed a criminal effence. In the first page of these books will be seen a picture of that is alleged to be a Postal worker who has been wounded with a Japanese bayonet and on the next page is another picture of another alleged Postal works

to has been thrushed with a string.

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for

192-2

Register No.

Station

Sheet No: 6.

refer to the Tainan Affair and also the May 30th affair. On other pages are references to the Capitalists, and the Imperialists etc.

I am not here to argue on the question of Extra-territorialit. and that I leave to the Diplomats but I feel that this is not the proper way to go about it. It is obvious that the book was published with an idea of stirring up the peoples feelings against Japan and other countries. The books are a publication that form a hestile act and as such they should be suppresed.

Mr Teang :- I appeared in the open Court in the first case when I made the application and I was told to go to the Police Station for the books and they refuse. to hand them over to me. I then wrote the letter to the Bureau of Foreign iffairs and the answer was sent to the Court.

Judge Chui :- The application should have been made in open Court.

Judge Wu :- The appeal by the Police is quite in order and the books should have been mentioned on the Charge Sheet when the sentence was passed in the first instance. The Court of . the First Instance was slack in that they did not mention the disposal of the books and I will turn the case back to the Lower Court again.

Decision. E. C. Watson Decision in Chambers of January 3let is set seide.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

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18.2.	29			7	سنز

As a result of information received that some twenty lower grade employes of the Chinese Post Office would hold a meeting at about 2.30 p.m. on February 17 in lodging house 340 Avenue Edward VII and that there was a possibility of communistic elements being present. police visited the place at 3 p.m. and in one of the rooms found five postmen (one in uniform) who stated that they and about ten others of their colleagues had had a meeting to discuss preparations for the holding of a joss service in honour of Kuan Ti (a noted warrior in the Three Kingdom Period) in the City Temple on February 22, 1929. As there was no evidence to show that the meeting bad been called for a purpose other than stated, no action was taken.

The Robertson

CO SONER OF the Provisional Court. Charge theet the result of a request from-eet No. 28 of 3rd. October 1928, containing an application for the disposal of 1500 copies of a booklet entitled the "thanghai Postal forker" seized by police I Cheien Frinting shop, 37 Chofoo oad, at 4 Pens on the 3. 10. 28, also a charge against two persons for issuing cortain inflammatory books to wit :- the above mentioned This charge sheet is encoraed lat. dischurged. Cautioned. leized copies of booklet still to be kept at Police Station. ms sent to Court, it being required by the president. on the 5. 2. 29. the Marge meet was I sturned to the station with the following further endorsement Copies of booklet returned to the accussed lated 21. 1. 29. ligned Chen & Thistzu. The following is also on the mearge meet in pencil. Chinese Charge theet marked :-Miangeu Bureau of Foreign Affairs states lawer Chang Chee "A letter from the representing long Tahih Teu et. al. applied for the return of the booklets in question." "As the Court has not made any order for the confinention of these booklets they are to be returned in compliance with the request thus made" These books are held by A. C. (Political). e1283 rder of bount. a

OOPY

Shanghai,

17th January, 1929.

Sir,

I have the honour to express the appreciation of the Chinese Postal Administration for the valuable services rendered to the Shanghai Post Office in 1928 by the following officers under your control, and to thank you and your staff for the assistance you have at all times rendered when called upon.

I would ask you to note that the services of the first five men on the list have been particularly commendable:-

	mr.	J.W. Prince	Chief Detective Inspector	Hongkew	Stn.
	**	A.C. Barton	Detective Sergeant	Central	**
	Ħ	W. Schmidt	Detective Inspector	Hongkew	*
*		K.S. Kum	Acting Police Solicitor	Court	
×	*	H.J. Jefferson	Sub-Inspector		
	•	E.E. Williamson	Detective Sergeant	Hongkow	**
	•	Ming Kwei Taung	Chinese Detective	Central	**
	•	海 柱 格 Hou Fu Ling	• "	Hongkew	#
			P.C.S.	#	•
	•	A.S. Algazin	P.C.S.		•
	•	R. Black	P.C.C.		•
	•	J. Robinson	•	•	•
	•	A.G. Tilton	•		•
	•	Chu Sing	Chinese Detective		•
	•	人 Li Kuo-yang			•

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient Servant,

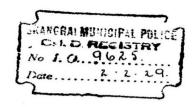
The Commissioner of Police. (Signed) W.W. Ritchie,

Postal Commissioner.

Shanghai Municipal Council,

the

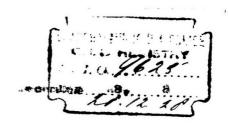
Shanghai.



Extract from Intelligence Report 1. 2. 29.

x be also

As a protest against an arrangement made by the Chinese Postal Administration with the Health Service Intelligence Bureau for the supply of transportation coolies, 19 out 32 casual workers originally employed by the Police Office on transportation work did not turn up for work this morning and were in consequence replaced by others. The functions of the Health Service Intelligence Bureau, a private enterprise, include the suprly of labour to mills, etc.



The state of

Done twenty their grade partal caplayers held a mitting in their union of time in the C. . . Building, Forth recommon one, between 5.30 and 6.15 year, compared 27, to discuss so under of the limistr, of Communications sectors they them to remove their union from the cot office building, but made docimies to reached.

logica of a headlish opposing the order work distributed at the me ting and contain the following wing note:

"Reads may be out off if him day be shed !

" lut the Balun much cour by removed !"

Some sixty lower grade employes of the Chinese Post Office held a meeting between 5.30 and 6.45 p.m. December 20, in the C.P.O. Building, Morth grachuen Road. Chang Teh-tsuan, a junior clerk, presided over the function, which discussed an order by the Ministry of Communications requiring the Shanghai Postal Workers' Union to move out from the C.P.C. Building. It was decided to appeal to the Ministry to revoke that order.

The 18 slaughterhouses and 100 butchers' shops in Mantao, 150 butchers shops in Chapei and 19 others along Lan Nee Doo, Pootung, remain closed today. Through the mediation of Yu Ya Ching, former Chairman of the Chinese General Chambel of Commerce, the Authorities have agreed to consider the offer that the tax be paid as formerly in a lump sum of 346,000 per menth for the whole shapensi District. The shop proprietors will hold a meeting at 8 a.m. December 22 in the public slaughterhouse, Nantao Bund, to discuss the question of resuming business.

December 21 81. 1928

Warly Report 9 04

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
C. I. D. RESISTRY
Deces of No. BQ. 1615
Date. 10-11.16

- POUT

The dispute, which occurred recent y between three postures and the clerk in charge of the Express of the Pepartment of the Chinese Post Office, was settled on December 8, when the offending postures made an apology and the settled to indicate constated to suspend the order depriving the postures of three months seniority. The condition is the office to now normals.

d'alaime bleet iques de Changlai sho sent a strike da

Ten representatives of the land labour anions held a positing between 2 and 3.30 p.m. Recenter 6 at fail of ling Rand. Test hate, and disquared ressures for the support of the French Transmy employers, sho are no strike. That he had been land as a possible which, presided. The following resolutions were pessed to a member a general name to dispose the strike as soon us possible to device was and means to support the strikers.

- 2. The a meeting of lebour regressite tives be held decomment.

 10 to discuss was and means to rise funds for the selici of the seribors.
- to allow the lawyer named Noo El Tong, to Kiangel Sad to mediate in the dispute
- 4. The last some representatives be sent to ungrathe strikers not to dres the sugges which will be do to dresses because IC.

 At 2000 pers. Describer 8, three representatives consisting of one named log sai ling !) of the Conservint ress Employees' Union one named to Seng-Ching () of the Press Lagleyees' Daise and one make Pong Isang () of the

OR the

Wavey Report 18

SHAMPHAI MUNICIP L PULICE
C. L. D. REGISTRY
No. 1. O. 1885
Diate 10.12.20

. ab : 4 . i

Twenty to two ers of the executive on its e of the handrai or al ormers' nim orda a centing or the mark see ost files wild to forth account to to the discus time disciplinary & sure token by the out-of open in commetted with a came, whole occurred recently on the laps on whiter Topaz ment, observ three postors ref red to a least rows 300 express letter and red bight, abouter outloss the transfer the The method f clerk-in-charge of the dequirement. a junter alerko resided, sin it was desided to send a necessr to re .. . tae on the committee maned chang the law ! castal Complessioner to resetted bis order that the three postaria in question most spolegies for their decorates and that their promotion by retarted & months.

orkers' mion, accompanied by about 10 postmen, ap edied to the Fostal formissioner to sithers the agree as a content and the remained in the co ider outside the seal distance. After until 7 posts show they declared their willingses to request work and withers volumently. In consequence of this demanstration, the express delivery was delayed for several bourse.

In vie. of the actitude of demonstrators, at 7.15 p.m. t entires were reinforced by a party of 40 constables, who are still on the prenises. It is noteworthy that the pranch offices posture refused to join in the dispute.

The Postal Lemmissioner is another order issued to-day, becomiser 8, gave the three recultricant postners until 12 mags to-day to sale their splegion, felling was do they will be dissipped.

for gens

THE SHANGHAI TIMES, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1928.

NO MAIL DELIVERED IN HONGKEW

Postal Delivery Messend , ers In District Go On Strike

The postal delivery messengers in the Honkew district went on strike yesterday afternoon, and there is a possibility that it will extend to other delivery men in the Settlement this morning unless an agreement is reached between the men's representatives and the Postal Commissioner.

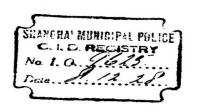
From noon yesterday, the Hongkew district received no mail owing to the strike, which was the result of one of the messengers being reduced in rank on account of insolence to a superior.

It is stated that the messenger was insolent to a Chinese official in the post office and was immediately reported to the Postal Commissioner. Mr. Ritchie went thoroughly into the matter and decided that the defaulter should be reduced in rank. This was accordingly carried out, and the man appealed to his fellow workers. In a body, they stood by him and threatened that unless he were reinstated they would walk out. The threat was ignored and shortly after moon the delivery men reased work.

Representatives of the men conferred with the Postal Commissioner but no screement was strayed at, and it is stated that unless the men receive a satisfactory answer this morning other delivery men of the postal service in the Settlement may refuse

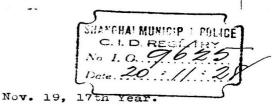
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AL 6. (Pol)



Extract from Intelligence Report 7.12.28

One hundred and eight postmen attached to the Express
Letter Department of the C.P.O., North Szechuen Road, are
dissatisfied with an order of the Postal Authorities issued on
the afternoon of December 6, 1928, inflicting a delay of 3
months in class promotion to three postmen and requiring them
to tender an apology to the clerk in charge of the Department
for disobedience of his instructions. The dispute arose over
difficulties experienced by postmen in delivering letters
arriving from Hangchow at midnight. The Postal Workers' Union
is now endeavouring to negotiate with the Authorities with a
view to setting the matter.



The Central Police Station.

Sir,

In connexion with the detention by you of 1,500 copies of a booklet entitled "Postal Worker" printed by Nyi Zung Printing Co., I have written you several letters, but have received no reply. So I write you again, and ask you to favour me with a reply.

(SD. & CHOPPED) Chang Chi.

Writer already informed (restrictly)
that we retain the
brokelets until such
time as the provisional
time as the provisional
to written when that the
brokelets be detained in
Pulse enstry.
The Poliston
C. D. I.

6.9. by. file.

From the police force.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

STATION.

Shanghai, Y. 11. 28. 192

Attached letter is addressed to me in person of can therefore be ignored. mr. Chang Bhi knows full well that a written order of bourt is the only outhority the Police will recognize the Police will recognize the Robertson

File.

Translation of a letter to the S.M.P. from Chang Chi (3长身) a Chinese lawyer at Kiangsi Road (Opposite to the Kiangsu Bank Building), dated Nov. 6, 1928.

Sir,

with respect to the case of Zau Ching Kwei (首語生) and Sheng Tsih Suan (色彩的), which was already dismissed at the Provisional Court, I have to say that the 1,500 copies of the Postal Worker seized by the Police have not yet been returned to the owner and to point out the following reasons why they should not be detained:-

- 1. The magazine has already had 3 issues; it deals with topics in bacad day light. It has done nothing to incite the recent postal workers' strike.

 The former issues may be examined in order to prove my statement. Consequently it has nothing to do with a breach of peace or good order. The seized beaks should therefore be returned.
- 2. I am hereby requested by my client, the Yi Shun Printing Shop, to ask for the return of these books and to take delivery of the same.

You are requested to favour me with a clear reply and oblige

(Signed & Chopped) Chang Chi.

0.3 0-1-28

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.
C. L. D. WEISTRY

No. 1. O. 1888

Doing: 36: 160. 18

REPORT

•	Date
ubject (in full,	Letter re' reper, Shenghei Postel Won'er:
fade by	A. Peirce C.D.1. Forwarded by
	sir,
	I beg to forward the attached latter which I have
	received from ar i.k.Swenzen.4cting Denuty Configurationsr.Chinese
	Postal Service. I do not remember having seen and copies of the
	paper he refers to.probably you may have some and can oblide
	A. U. P. Political. Your whedient servent
	the since
	7 C. N.
	A.C. P. (Pal).
	1.
	1 2 D
	I handed over three copies of
	the Haughan Pastal Worker to Mer
	1. 14. Luensen, Neling Depully Postal
	1. 12. ovenien
	Commissioner to -day
	1.
	Von 3/10/22 950 /app
	Reg of 1/2
	Ho futher ceply necessary.
	Mease file. Off
	194 21/1/28

Dear Mr. Prince,

Some weeks ago the Municipal Police confiscated a paper styled the Shanghai Postal Worker of which I should like very much to obtain 2 - 3 copies and would appreciate if you could let me have same or direct me to the concerned who is in charge of the confiscated copies.

Yours faithfully,

Acting Deputy Commissioner, District Accountancy.

To

J. W. Prince, Esquire,

Shanghai Municipal Council,

Shanghai.

Yih Pei Ki, Minister of Agriculture and Mining, left Shanghai Forth for Fanking at 11 p.m. October 24.

At 10.30 p.m. October 24, Municipal detectives, accompanied by detectives from the Chinese Mixitary Authorities, raided a communist cell at 3449 Robison Road, and serzed a small quantity of communist pamphlets.

Anti-foreight slogans in English and Chinese were found chalked on walls in an alleysey off Tsepoo Road, on the morning of October 24.

Six members of the Directing Committee of the Kuomintang Headquarters held a meeting between 10 a.m. and 11.15 a.m. October 24, 1928, in their office at ling Ying Road, west Gate. Jong Yien Sung, one of their number, presided. The following resolutions were discussed and passed:-

- 1. That the Central Kuomintang Headquarters (at Nanking) be requested to find a formula which will enable them to take over the roads which have been constructed by the S.M.C. in the lestern Suburb of Shanghai.
- 2. That the Nitional Government be requested to suspend General Chen Tiao Yuen of Anhui, and inquiries we made into the allegations that he was concerned in a recent case of opium smuggling which was discovered by the Municipal Police.

Forkers of the Yung Chong Match Factory No.2 at Toh Ka Doo, Pootung, struck work at 7 a.m. October 24 following a dispute among themselves but resumed unconditionally at 3 p.m. the same day, as a result of mediation by the local Kaomintang Headquarters. This factory employs 500 hands.

On instructions from the National Government, the Shanghai Labour Unions Reorganization Committee, Hachow Guild, Chapei, suspended its functions on October 24, and has entrusted the winding up of its affairs to accommittee of fifteen persons. The new committee has established an office in San Yuen Li, Jukong Road, Chapei.

The delegation of 5 junior clerks of the local Chinese Post Office, who left for Lanking on October 20 to appeal to the Ministry Communica-

tions to revise the new scale of pay in so far as it affects junior c clerks, arrived back on October 24. It is reported that the delegation laims that Mr. Liu Shu-fan, Director General of Posts, promised to raise their maximum pay from \$130 to \$190 per month. The lower grade postal employees now seem to be satisfied.

General Heiung Shin Hvei, Garrisen, Commander of locating Lately, held a conference military officers attached to the fundivision, Jeng ling Jao, off Redte Chisi, and discussed preparations which will be necessary in few of General Chiang Rai-shek's intention to visit Shanghai on or obcur Cottoer 25. It is expected that General Chiang while here will review the 5th Division under the command of General Heiung, and will then proceed to his native flace in Feng Hya, Ningpo.

The fifty four employees of the Yih Tien Ten Drug Shop, 2679 Seward Road, who went or strike on October 2, as a protest against the dismissal of their omrales at the Mid Autumn Festivel (Sept. 28), resumed work at 9 a.m. October 21, after the Management had granted the following concessions:

- 1. That the manu employers reimburse the Chinese Drug shop Employees'
 Union for expenses incurred during the strike to the extent of 400
 2. That a graduity equivalent to five months' wages be issued to each of the two workers who were dismissed.
- 5. That wages be issued as a sual for the period of the strike.

 The Shanghai Rice Shop Employees' Relief Society, which was inaugurated on Cotober 18, 1928, has established an office in the Shanghai Rice Shop Employees' Union Fc. 99 Wei Wen Rtad, Chapei.
- A delegation consisting of five junior clerks of the local Chinese Fost Office left Shunghai Forth for Wanking at 111 p.m. October 20, to oppeal to the Rinistry of Communications to revise the paragraph of the new scale of pay which applies to this particular class of employees.

SHOPLIT - NOT YOR FILES FUBLICATION.

SHANGEAL Manual al. Pitt Inc.
No. 1. U. S. 1. 25

Date So. 10. 20

Municipal Police (C.I.D.) Intelligence Summary October 19,1-20.

Admiral Yang Shu-chwang, Commander in chief of the Nationalist Navy, Chu Hing-nyi, a member of the C.E.C. of Khamingtang, arrived at Shanghai North from Nankingtant 8 a.m. October 19. Lie Chi-wen, Mayor of Manking, passed through Shanghai North Station at 8 a.m. Oct. 19 en route for Hangchow.

It is reported that the Nationalist Government has decided to abolish the Changhai Labour Unions' Reorganization Committee, Hughow Road, Changei, from Nevember 1, 1928, and to transfer the control of all labour unions to the Social Eureau of the Greater Changhai Hunicipality and the local Euromingtung Headquarters.

It is reported that Chow Chi Yuan and Chen Hsi Hac, two prominent members of the Kuomingtang Headquarters who are suspected to of having instigated the recent strike in the local Post Office will be transferred to Nanking, and that Lung Hing, Chief of the Political Training Department in Manking, will be sent here to take their place.

According to Colonel Hao Eae Hung, Chief Adjutant to the Hiangman Eandit Suppression Commissioner, who has established his Headquarters at Soochow, tufeis have been active since the beginning of the month in the vicinity of Soochow and the Tahu Laks. These outlaws, who are armed with rifles, pillaged villages and carried off wealthy residents for ransom. On one occasion they were encountered near Meitting by several boats belonging to Captain Kyung Kuo-liong. An engagement lasting about three Cays ensued. Several policemen were killed and woulded. The outlaws subsequently decamped leaving behind four kilnapped persons. The dead bodies of five kidnapped men and boys were also left near the scene.

Twelve Chinese who were arrested at Tungchow for being engaged in Communist propagands, were brought in October 17 to the Headquirters of the Voosung Shanghai Garrison Commander for trial.

1,000 female workers of the Suilung Silk Filature at No. 25 Miller Road, who want on strike at 1.10 p.m. October 18 to enforce a demand for better treatment, resumed work unconditionally this morning.

336 male and female workers of the Shanghai Jeaving Factory, No. 2218 Yuhang Road, went on strike at 6 a.m. October 18 to enforce a demand for an increase of wages and are still out this morning.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

No. 1. Office of the state of

About 100 workers in the Box Packing Room of the B...T...er westery
Factory at Ich Ka Zah, Feetung, struck work at 9 a.m. October 17 to enforce
a demand for the reinstatement of one of their comrades who was dismissed
on October 16 for having assaulted a watchman. They resumed nowever
unconditionally at 1 p.m. when it was learned that the dismissed worker man

Representatives of workers (f local silk filatures at a meeting held to p.m. Cotober 17 at 10.48 Yung Jung Li, No golia Road, passed the achlowing resolutions:-

- to Thet a Committee of thirteen members be elected to negotiate with the employers for an increase in wages and improvement in working conditions.
- 3. That all workers be notified to subscribe 10 cents each ger month to the federation of bilk til ture forkers! Inions as membership fee
- 1. That all unemployed workers be notified to register their names with the Bederation before the 25th inst.

Thenty employees of various Thinese Butchers shops in Riunguan at ... Preting held on Cotober 17 at c.40 Sing as Road, Miangwan, decided to ask the shanghai Lunicipality for an increase in xxxx wages and improvement in the length conditions under which they work. Chiang thekeng, one of their number, presided.

the new scale of the pay for postal officials recently aromalgated in so for as it applies to them was reached at a meeting of junior clerks held in the Chinese Post Office Building, at 5 p.m. October 17. The meeting was a lied because under the new scale the maximum pay of the category of laterks who attended is reduced from 150 to 130.

new organization called The Shanghai Rice hop imployees' selief leaf ty will be inaugurated at 6 p.m. tc-day, Cotober 18 in the lingue flow Countrymen's Association, To.80 Thibet Road. It is expected that the ocremony will be attended by several hundred employees of rice shows and their supporters.

STARAT - NOT FOR PROSS PUBLICATION.

Himicipal Police (G.I.D.) Intelligence Summary

General Hsiung Shih-hui, Mccsung-Shanghai Garrison Commander, left Shinghai North for Mccsung at 8 a.m. October 16 for the Jurpose of reviewing the troops stationed there and returned to Shanghai at 2 p.m. the same day.

504 treeps consisting of one company infantry, one company machine gumners, one company "Stokes" gumners and one company of the Labour Corps, belonging to the 25th Regiment of the 5th Division under General Haiung's command, were transferred from Hiangwan to Chapei on Cet. 16.

These troops are now billeted in the Sung's Garden, Chi Yuen Road, Chapei.

30convalescent soldiers of the former 13th Division, 27th Army Corpe, arrived from Yenchowfu, Shantung, via manking at the Shanghai South Station at 9 p.m. October 16.

Unrest at present mists along the employees of local Chinese printing shops who are agitating for an increase in wages, a reduction in working hours and better treatment.

Two hundred members of the Chinese Postal Markers' Union, including 40 divisional chiefs of the Union held a meeting at 5.15 p.m. October 10 in the Chinese Post Office building, North Szechuen Read. Leh Ching Sz. a leading member of the defunct strike committee, who presided, stated that although many of their colleagues were dissatisfied with the recent . readjustments in pay and treatment, he was apposed to a strike, but thought that an effort should be made to have grievances which exist redressed by an appeal to the Central Kuomingtong Headquarters in Fanking which should be requested to consider the original 13 demands when the dispute is being settled. Sheng Tsih-suan, Chief of the Union's Frepaganda Department and other agitators including Chang Teh-tsuan and Liu Fing Iwei denounced the chairman's mild methods and demanded that a strike be declared. Following the split in the ranks of the union, a heated argument in the course of which the conflicting parties almost came to thems, ensued. The majority of the attendance were however opposed to c. strike. In the dispute Ching was openly denounced as a Communist and accused of being responsible for the distribution of communist handbills. It Was finally decided to send an appeal at an early date to the Central Mumingtong in Hanking in accordance with Loh's recommendation. The meeting came to an end at 7.25 p.m.

SUCRIF NOT FOR PRUSS PUBLICATION.

MUNICIPAL POLICE (C.I.D.) Intelligence Summary - Cotober 16,1928.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

New Yung Chien, Chairman of the Kiangsu Provincial Counttee, left Shanghai North for Manking at 8.50 a.m. October 15.

Wu Kwong Chung, Chief of Staff to the Nationalist Naval Headquarters at Wanking, left Shanghai North for Manking at 11 p.m. October 15.

General Shiang Shun Chih, ex-Commander of the 21st Army Corps at Whan, arrived here on October 6 and left on October 15 for Manking to which city he was invited by General Chiang Kai-shek. During General Chiang Shuh Chih's stay here he lived under an assumed name in the sum Sur Motel, Manking Royd.

one Kai, a secretary in the Headquarters of the Woosung-Shanghai Carrison Commander, who was arrested on October 13 on suspicion of being communist, left for Manking under escort at 11 p.m. October 15.

Mr. Hwang Peh Chao, Commissioner of Fyblic Utilities in the Municipality of Greater Shanghai, has been appointed Mayor of the Mangehous Municipality. Mr. Hwang has not yet signified whether he is prepared to accept the new post or not.

One "Stokes" gur, 4 machine guns and about 200 rifles, brought from the Kiengnan Arsenal, were despatched to Nunking from the South Station at 5.30 p.m. October 15.

Groups of labourers continued the search for Japanese goods in Chinese controlled territory on October 15 and made the following seigures:

1.15 p.m. Fang Pang Jino, lest Gate. 4 bales of piece goods 2 bales of cotton yarn.

2 p.m. Ta Dah Marf, Nantao. 5 doz of underwear 2 lengths of velveteen 14 doz of rubber evershoes.

3.30 p.m. Ningshao Wharf, Nantao. 5 bales of cotton yorn 4 lengths of piece goods

6 p.m. Fai Yang Miao Rd, Chapei. 4 bales of action yarn 2 bales of artificial silk

The articles seized on the first three occasions are now detained in the City Chamber of Commerce and those removed on the occasion last mentioned are detained in the .mti-Japanese Boycott Inspectors' Office, No. 99 Test Paoshing Li, Paoshan Road, Chapei.

Despite improvements in pay and service conditions recently granted by the Matienalist Government to all workers of the C.P.J. diseatisfaction still exists among the members of these employees who belong to the lower grades. This discontent is due to the categorical

P. T. D

refusal of the Nationalist Government at Fanking to grant the demands which urged that his Shu-fan, Director-General of Posts, be dismissed, and that the Shanghai Higher Grade Postal Poployees Association be dissolved.

About 40 divisional chiefs of the Shanghei Postal Workers
Union held a meeting at 4 p.m. (etaber 15 in the General Post Office
building and discussed the attitude of the Nationalist Government, but
failed to reach a decision. They will hold another meeting at 5.15 p.m.
today. Cotiber 13, when the discussion of this subject will be resumed.
In case the meeting results in a decision to declare a strike, the lostal
Authorities hope to be able to maintain the service with the sid of the
Fublic School Sadet Corps, the Foreign Poy Scouts' Association, the
Posteign Bankers Association and the local Chinese Military Authorities
who will send unarmed Chinese soldiers to deliver the mail and 1,000 ordate
from Menking to undertake sorting work. Rescures adopted for the protection of the volunteer work in case it is found necessary to evail of
their cervices, include the drafting into the Postal Building of forty extra police from Chinese territory.

Perphlets urging the located workers to go on strike and attroking the official Kusmingtang organizations in respect of their attitude towards this movement were distributed secretly among postal employees on totober 18. These locations purport to amonate from the Shonghai General Labour Union.

Comber 13 to enforce a demand for the coinstatement of one of their foremen who was dismissed on October 12 on the ground that his work was unsatisfactory. Their demand was conceded and they required work after three hours.

Direct on Humofeld, a German eviator who is endeavouring to find the best air route to the Dar Lest from Sentral Burope, arrived in the mount on Cetaber 15.

The Tetional Configures of the Chipses Provincial Chamber of Commerce held its first results describe in the Ch. Con. Chamber of Commerce Suilaing, M. Honan he d, at 2.15 p. . Cot 15. There were about 190 delegates present. On the apprehenon of the meeting those delegates were entertained to dinner by M.M. Mans, Minister of Labour, Industry and Commerce in the Chamber of Commerce. T. Monen Red.

DRNo No. 16 10 15/10/28 (C.I.D.) Office Notes acting on instructions I belephoned to tal Fai Tuk Fu, Chuf of the Public Safety Bureau at 10am with reference to the arrangements be made a laturday last Concerning the Relating of bo Pdicemen to the CPO. on act 16 to cope with the possibility of freed trouble on the part of horters as Col Fai was abrent hu Hwang Kwang Dan Chief fthe 2 ms sept of the Kurcan Replied that following our on act is and in conquence of our information he had seen the Portal Commissioner who stated thatthere wered he no servires trouble on Oct 16 as faras he could accertain and thathe (to Botal Com) did not think it advisable to have more

File No.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

Policemen at the Post office until conditions took such a live requiring the presence of a larger force. The Pablic Safely Bureau Suned the be commented with I informed hu thewang that in the event of Chinese Policemen being transported through the Settlement on act 16 the sunt must be writing in advance and an except went be provided by the latter. To this his having agourd.

Enkarlain clorical and ellhotse To

To settle the sixteen demands, to which you have on four occasions failed to get a satisfactory reply, you have resorted to the right measure - strike. Strike is the only thing you can depend upon for the attainment of your ultimate success, to unmask the "Labour traitor" and to make the militaristic Koumintang tremble before you.

Unfortunately, you big strike has come to an end.

Your leaders and Koumintang have cheated you, by saying that
they work for your benefit, and ordered you to resume work.

Bon't you believe them!

Your aim of the strike is the sixteen demands, but your leaders have presented the three demands, which have nothing to do with you. And what you get as a result of the strike are your leaders' cheating, Kuomintang's threats and your uniforms being taken off by the imperialists:

This is because you have too much confidence in Loh King-shih, you have put the whole responsibility on him and do nothing yourselves, with the result that he and others alter your demands, order resumption of work and even cheat you all. The three demands not only have nothing to do with you, but are detrimental to your benefits. When the Shanghai Postal Employes' Association is incorporated with your union, they can break your front from within; and the reactionary Kusmintang says that this is in conformity with Omnamisation Regulations!

Besides, it is the leaders of "Seven Unions", who made this strike a failure. They still declare that Exemintary has accepted your demands! Apparently your demands have never been accepted, and this is the result of the fact that your Union was smalled up by Exemintary and imperialists and you driven thereout. Your shanless leaders are still still alleging that they are preparing for a second strike, if the demands are not satisfactorily settled. In reality, besides picking thanks from Kuemintang and making elaborate preparations' for "Double Ten Festival", they have not made any other preparations, They are cheating yeu:.

Liu Shu-fan and the Shanghai Postal Employes' Association are not your only enemies. There are Keumintang and their gang. You must not be disappointed, but find out the causes of this failure, and resolutely everthrow the Strikers' Committee. Exterminate your traitors, and put your Union on a healthy foundation, and prepare yourselves for the Second struggle. Don't be afraid, and this General Labour Union and all the labour conrades shall give you full support.

With strong determination, we should execute the following:-

Overthrow the labourer oppressing Kuomingtang!

Overthrow the traiter leaders of the "Seven Unions" who have broken the strike:

Overthrow Loh King-shih, who has "sold" the labering class:

Reorganize the Postal Union.

Hold the sixteen demands to the last, and prepare for the second strike.

All Shanghai Labourers, support the Postal Labourers.

Long live the emancipation of Pestal Workers.

Long live the emancipation of Shanghai Labourers.

Shanghai General Labour Union.
8-10-1928.

13 to Oct.

13 to Oct.

13 to Oct.

13 to Oct.

14 to Oct.

15 to Oct.

15 to Oct.

16 to Oct.

18 to Oct.

19 to Oct.

October 14, 1928.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

Rumours are current that in the event of a postal strike Chinese employes of S.M.C. Electric Power Stations will come out in sympathy with the firstal employer

The Robertson

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S. CRET - NOT FOR FRESS PUBLICATION.

Municipal Police (C.I.D.) Intelligence Summary - Octobe

The following notables arrived at Shanghai North from Hanking Lotober 12 :-

Thi Chi Tao, manter of the Pation list Government Calmittee. u Mich Chen Chu Ming Myi de. do

Chang Mai Yien, president of the Control University, Kanking.

Liu Shu-fan, Director-Gengal of Poets, arrived at Shanghai Forth from Manking at 4.15 p.m. Letober 12.

Chang Show Yung, Five limister of Jinance, left Shanghai Forth for Kanking at 11 p.m. Cotober 12.

The following notables sprived at Shan had North from Manking at 7.40 0.13 Cotober 13.

to, Legabor of the Mationalist Government Committee. Lim Sung None Haian, Mai, Hinister of Labour, Industry and Commerce. To Bhia-haei, a member of the CalaCa of Huomingtons.

Communist handbills emanating from the Central Executive Committee of the Chinese Communist Party and the Shonghai General Labour Union were surreptitiously distributed at Kanking. Shanse and Hankow Reads in the early morning hours today. One of the pamphlate urges the Pertal Lamleyes to go on strike again.

Groups of labourers continued the search for Janahase goods in Chinese controlled territory on Cotober 12 and made the following seizures

21 packets of salted fish.

4 lengths of piece goods, 14 lengths of serge 1 bale of velveteen.

2 puckets of salted fish

2 bales of velveteen

4 dez shirts, 2 dez blankets.

5 lengths of imitation venetion.

Time Pl co Harchendise 11 6.11. on a bout in the Manapoo 100 Achete of salted fish. River near Loh La Dec, Pootung.

7.30 S.a. Mantao Dund.

Della Evan Jico, Mantao.

3.30 p.m. Small Hest Gate, Lin Rd

4.15 p.m. Fa Joh Marf

Har Mosper Ro. a, Chapei.

Thi Ya Hide, Chapei.

2 bales of cotton yarn,

The first seizure is detained in the Anti-Japanese Doycott Inspectors! Office at Man Hyi Doo, Footung, the next four at the City Chamber of Commerce and the remainder in the Inspectors! Office at No.99 West Paoching li, hoshan Rad, Chamei.

October 12, 1928.

On October 11 Shong Tsieh-suan (藍積端), Shanghai Pestal Werkers' Union, and Chae Chin-kuei (曹全短), manager of I Ch'en () Printing Shep, 37 Chefee Read, appeared on summens before the Previsional Court on a Lhutter literature (a beeklet entitled the "Shanghai Pestal Werker") likely to cause a breach of the peace.

Mr. Paul P. Y. Ru presecuted on behalf of the Pelice and Mr. Chang Chi appeared as counsel for both defendants.

The Court / Mesers Chem and Shimizu) after warning defendants against issuing inflammatory publications, dismissed the case. The Judge, in answer to defendants' counsel, said he would make no written order in respect of the becklets seized and detained by the pelice but edded that he, counsel, could negotiate with the Police in the matter.

The ealy written order of Court in regard to the beeklets is that of Thursday, October 4, (1,500 cepies of this booklet to be seized and most at the Police Station), and I submit that until such time as this order has been reseinded in writing we have every right to held on to the

The Robertson

CHORES - NOT FOR FRESS PUBLICATION

Strummai Municipal Police (C.I.D.) Intelligence Summar Police

Two Changes named Chao King Foh, and Chen Miac Miang, were arrested by the Changes Poline of Paoshan Road at 9 a.m. October 9 on suspicion of colong communists.

Sinety propresentatives of local Knomintang, Municipality of Greater Shanghai, and various local organizations held a memorial scritice in communication of all martyrs, who died for the Knomintang sause, at the Public Recreation Ground Test Gate, between 10 and 10,20 a.m. Gat. 9.

Clarg Ting Fan, the Mayor of Greater Shanghai, presided over the function.

Another service was held in the hall of the Marine Preduct School, 4.30 at forsung, between 3 and M/70 p.m. October 9 and attended by about 70 representatives of various organizations at foosung and Kingwan.

Members of local Aucmintang will hold a meeting in their head parters at Ling Ying Road, Lest Gote, at 2 p.m. October 11, in commemoration of the sufferings of the late br. Sun Yat-sen at London in 1896.

As a probautionary measure against possible trouble, groups of Chinese soldiers are patrolling the streets in Chinese controlled territory

General Shing 82 lien and General Yang Yuch-sing, Lukden delegates, left Shanghai for Dalny by the s.s. "Dairen Maru" at 9 a.m. Ceteber 10.

The Fational Government has received reliable information to the effect that the recent postal strike and others were daused by certain local Eveniuting members owing to petty gralousies over positions with a riet to embarrassing Manking. It is reported that on instructions from Manking, General Esiung Chile-awei, Defence Commissioner of Loosung-Change is penvened a special meeting yesterday, at which government delegates were present with the object of taking measures against the meddling members.

I humber of tobal Chinese shops have closed their do rs and heisted

Sommunist hendbills entitled "Manifeste on the Double Ten Festivel issued by the Kiangsu Executive Committee of the Chinese Communist Party over found in Engtszepoc District on the morning of October 9 and on thengwar Read, near Hongkow Cark at 5 a.m. October 10. It is reported that similar handbills will be distributed in the Central District to-day.

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SIIANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.
C. I. D. NECLITRY
No. I. O. 10

Extract from Shanghai Provisional Court Register for Thursday. 4th. ogt. 192

Register No. 2/70,819. Station Louza.

Deputy Mr. Shimizu.

Judge Mr. Chen.

Application by the pulse for the disposal of 1,500.copies of a booklet entitled the "Shanghai Postal Worker" seized at the I Chen Printing Shop, 37, Chapoc Road, at 4.p.m. on the 3.10.28.

Proceedings.

Ar.Paul.P.Y.Ru: - This is an application for the confiscation of 1,500.books entitled the "Shanghai Postal Worker" which was seezed at 4.p.m. yesterday at the "I Chen Printing Shop", No.37, Chapoo Read, these books are of highly communistic nature. I also ask for warrants to be issued for the arrest of "Tsang Tsih Zai" the editor of the books and "Zau Ching Kwei"; the printer of the books.

C.D.I.Robertson: At about 4.p.m. yesterday I visited the "I Chen Printing Shop", No.37.Chapoo Road and seized 1,500. booklets entitled the "Smanghai Postal Worker", the extracts of the book submitted to the Court are of a highly inflamatory nature. I sek for ceals to be issued to close the shop.

Decision.

Warrant to issue against 2 Chinese.

J.E.P.B.

1,500 copies of this booklet to be seized and kept at the Police Station.

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

Cotober 4,1929.

At 4 p.m. (Stoker 3, 1,000 popies of a booklet chitica "The skill had losted worder", Vol. 1, No. 3, were solved by members of this order in the I Chien (義成) Printing Shop, 37 Challet head. From attached translations of intruste taxes and the story of whose inchien.

Application of the Person of the Povisher.

Sourt this trains for a discontinual the soul a delice and the issue of the product of the prince of the population of the population of the principle. The Sourt, Market Day the police of the principle of the police of the police of the police of the principle of the police of the

The Robertson

D. J. I. Information

P 24/x/28

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Translation of Extracts from "The Shanghai Postal Worker"

No. 3, Volume I. September 20,1928.

Page 5.

Workers! Oppressed peoples! Unite and re-assume your responsibility for a revolution! Break our slave bond, the Boxer Treaty! Break this lock and chain! Let us emancipate the Chinese people! Accomplish our historical mission!

Page 20.

We, workers, all realise that the imperialists are our deadly enemies. All capitalists, militarists and traitorous labourers depend upon the imperialistic influence in oppressing us. But why have the imperialists such a great influence? It is because they are protected by the Boxer Treaty. This treaty was signed on September 7, so we should never forget the Sept. 7 anniversary.

Paire 45.

The May 30 tragedy (massacre), the Wanhsien incident, the Shameen tragedy, the murder of Chen Ah Dong by Japanese soldiers, the Sing Dah Hing case, the killing of anti-Japanese crowd at Amoy and the recent May 3 Teinan tragedy are all proofs of the atrocity and cruelty of the imperialists. Their only tool is the deplorable Boxer Treaty. If the Chinese people wish to remove their "colonial" sufferings, they must first eliminate the Boxer Treaty and overthrow the imperialists.

Page 48.

We have only one way out, that is to adopt a firm attitude, and to abblish for permanent all unequal treaties, otherwise it is not a revolution and Chima would never be emancipated. Page 50.

A.

"Imperialism" does not depend upon the good or bad disposition of foreigners. It is a direct product of the development of Capitalism. Therefore to wish any one images imperialistic mation to be kind to us and refrain from aggressing us, simply deceives oneself. The only way is for the oppressed peoples of the world, with the concert of all oppressed classes, tedestroy Imperialism, and only then can we establish a universal society in the world.

Page 59.

What we want is the permanent abolition of the unequal treaties. Revision of treaties is simply a trick played by the imperialists, We, the people, are strongly opposed to revision.

Page 65.

There are at present a type of "executives" who are afraid of revolution. They would not join the revolution. They are opposed to revolution. This is because they have been induced to do so by the imperialists. Consequently in order to prevent the growth of new or old militarists and "Kwan Liao" (officials), we must first eliminate Imperialism.

Page 67

Since the outbreak of the Teinan tragedy, the Government has remained inactive in regard to negotiations. Consequently the Japanese imperialists have become more bold and have attacked our postal workers in Tientsin. Postal workers of the whole country, everthrow the atrocious Japanese imperialists with your own hands i

Page 81

To overthrow the imperialists we do not mean only a few foreigners. We should eliminate all economic and political influences imminists of the imperialists in China.

Page 84.

If China wants liberty and equality, the first step undoubtedly is the abolition of all unequal treaties. At present, however, certain people, being afraid of the influence and power of the imperialists, dare not shout "Abolish treaties", but suggest "revision of Treaties". This is contrary to the revolutionary idea and all people should oppose it.

Page 90

Oppressed peoples of colonies and the proletariat of imperialistic nations are all our friends. We should be closely united and overthrow our common smants enemies, the International Imperialists !

Page 107

The French Imperialists have again murdered(by shooting) our fellow weaker Woo Dong Kung in the French Concession, Workers throughout the country, unite quickly and exterminate all imperialists :

I ham lated from the Postat have on 15 or patholical by the Postat have on 15 or order of the Confine at the Lamber of the Proof and Lamon on or the proof and a patholical by the proof of the proof of the patholical by the proof of the pro

Echach from Intilligence Jeports dates ochtig and & 1928

Temployes Union - Sung Tien Sung, Loh Ching Shih and Shang Tsich Suan, this morning will visit Kuomingtang Headquarters West Gat, to interview ion, Feb-chun, Hinister of Communications, regarding the 16 demands originally submitted to the Fostal authorities.

It a meeting held by 30 members of the mail. 1. Where the part of 171

Horn ired Monking dt 8.05 cm. October 8.

100 lower grade posted employes held a meeting between 2 and 3.30 (.m. October 6 in the Postal Employes' Labour Union, C.P.C. Building, Forth Ezechuen Re. d. Loh Ching Sz, a member of the Union's Executive Committee, presided and the following resolutions were passed :-

- 1. That I representatives be sent to Hanking to request the Central Luching teng Headquarters to give a favourable consideration to the 16 dimensionights like the constituted,

 1. That circular notices on the causes which lead to the regent strike by
- originally suchitted,

 That circular notices on the causes which lead to the recent strike be sent to various postal 1 bour unions throughout Chine.

 That takes a cuses of the failure of the recent strike in general and the
 - to tions of those who helped to bring about this failure in particul r, be investigated.

SHATOFAL MUNICIPAL POLICE. C. .. D. BEC. STRY No. 1. O

About 2,000 persons consisting of postal workers, representative from several local labour unions suchbas the Commercial Press Employes Union, the Nanyeng Bros. Employes' Union and the Tramway Companies' Amployes' Unions and Kuomingtong members held a meeting between 10.30 a.m. and 12.15 p.m. October 5 in the Public Recreation Ground, West Gate. Sung Tien Sung, Chairman of the Strike Committee, who presided, stated that the Euomingtong Headquarters and the Social Bureau had assured him that the following three demands will be fulfilled

1. That the Shanghei Senior Postel Employes' by Association be abolished.
2. That Liu Shu-fah, Director-General of Posts, be dismissed.
3. That the 16 demands originally submitted be favourably considered.

Speeches in sympathy with the strikers were made by representatives from the Luomingtang Headquarters, the Social Bureau and the Commercial Press Employes' Union, subsequent to which it was decided to resume work tomorrow morning and in celebration of their victory to hold another meeting at 3 p.m. Cotober 5 in the Chinese Post Office Compound. At the conclusion of the meeting the following slogens were shouted :-

1. Overthrow Hodern I perialism !

2. Drive away hiu Shu-fan ! 3. Overthrow the Shanghai Senior Postal Employes' Association !

4. Support the Postal Labour Union !

5. Long live the victory of strikers !

At 3.30 p.m. October 5 about three hundred of the strikers assembled in the compound of the Chinese Post (ffice, North Scochow Road. Sung Tien Sung, Chairman of the Strike Committee, in addressing the attendance declared that as the Kuomingteng Headquarters and the Social Dureau had promised that these three demands would be acceded to, work should be resumed on the morning of October 6. The proceedings lasted about five minutes.

at 5.15 p.m. about 300 senior postal employes gathered in a room of the Post Office and decided to demand an explanation from the representatives of the Kucmingtong Headquarters and the Social Bureau for the closing up of their association. Phen Rung Tsai, Chief of the Social Eureau, Chow Chi Yuan, and Chan Hai Hao, representatives of the Euchingtong Headquarters, appeared before them. demand for an explanation of the decision to close their Association, Phen praised the senior clarks for having carried on during the strike of the junior clerks and promised to consider their grievances and to devise some suitable method for the amalgamation of two unions. Ir. Ling Choh Mgo, a senior clerk, in a speech referred to hr. Phen's praise of

their loyalty to the service and pointed out with some feeling that the reward for such loyalty was a threat by local Kuomingtang and Social Bureau to close their Association. At the conclusion of the meeting, the attendance shouted the following slogans:-

- 1. Down with Communists &
- 2. Long live the Shanghai Senior Postal Employes' Association 1
- 3. Long live the Kuomingtong :

A delegation of senior postal employes left for Nanking last night to protest to the Ministry of Communications against the threat by local Kuomingtong Headquarters to close their association in order to give "face" to the lower grade employes.

On the morning of October 6 all lower grade postal employes resumed On account of the threatened closing up of their Association by the Kuemingtong Headquarters and the Social Bureau the senior clerks are showing great resentment, but are en carrying on in the hope that the matter will be adjusted to their satisfaction.

At 6 p.m. October 5 the female workers of the fine yern room of the Pootung Mikka Cotton Mill at Loh Ma Tsz, Pootung, aestulted five of their forewomen owing to their alleged opprecaise treatment of the workers. Order was restored by the Offinese Police. As a result of intimidation by the female workers of the fine yern room, workers of other departments stopped work at 11 p.m. October 5 and attempted to hold a meeting. This was prohibited by a party of 30 Chinese soldiers who arrived on the scene. The trouble was settled at 2 a.m. today when all workers resumed.

File No. 109625

(C.I.D.) Office Notes

dismissed:

October 5,1928.

About 2,000 persons consisting of postal strikers, representatives from several local labour unions such as the Commercial Press Employes' Union, the Manyang Bros. Employes' Union, and the Transay Companies' Employees' Union and Muomingtong members held a mageting between 10.30 a.m. and labb p.m. October s on the Public Recreation Ground, Mest Gate. Sung Tien Sung, Chairman of the Strike Committee, who presided, stated the Muomingtong Meadquarters and the Social Eureau had assured him that the following 3 demands will be fulfilled:-

1. That the Shanghai Senior himployes Association be abolished;

2. That Liu Shu-fan, Director-General of Posts, be

3. That the 13 demands brigin lly submitted be favourably considered.

Specches in sympthy with the strikers were made by representatives from the Muomingtong Meadquarters, the Social Bureau and the Commercial Press Employes Union, subsequent to which it was decided to resume work tomorrow morning and in celebration of their victory to hold another meeting at 3 p.m. today, in the Chinese Post Office compound. At the conclusion of the meeting the following slogans were shouted:-

- 1. Overthrow Modern Imperialism !
- 2. Drive away Liu Shu-fan !
- 3. Overthrow the Shanghai Senior Postal Employes Aseogiation
- 4. Support the Postal Labour Union !
- 5. Long hive the victory of strikers !

Information of

M5/x/28

four to

Through the mediation of the Social Bureau of the S Nunicipality and the Euomingtang Headquarters, the strike of the 1,800 lower grade employees of the local Chinese Post Office, which commenced on October 2, is expected to come to an end today as the employees' representatives have agreed to resume work pending negotiations for a settlement of the dispute. The mediators have promised to assist the strikers in their demand for the diamissal of Liu Shu-fan, the Director-General of Posts and to arrange the assimilation of the Executive Staff's Union ta into their union. This morning about a thousand postal strikers are holding a meeting on the Public Recreation Ground, West Gate, where an announcement for resumption of work as agreed upon will be made, after which they are expected to go back to work.

On October 4 boyscouts from the Public School Cadet Corps, the French and Jewish Schools were delivering letters to homes. expected that some 700 boyscouts (200 foreign and 500 Chinese) will be employed in delivering mail matter today.

10 chauffeurs resumed work yesterday and own lorries were being used in the street. 10 kussians have been engaged to assist in transportation of mail.

The following table shows present pay of and that demanded by the strikers :-

Present		nemande q	
(n Joining	Rising to	Un Joining	Rising to
Aunior clerks 345	್ಷ 50	\$63	្ន393
Sorters 328.50	.378.50	348	3295
Fostmen 325	\$54.50	336	.,222
T'ingch'si (office boy) \$23.50 \$34.50		327	3150
Coolie \$20.00	\$26	\$1e	3115

Now scales of pay, representing a considerable advance over those shown under the heading "Present" have been under consideration for some time past and are to come into force from the 1st of (chober 1928.

The strike of about 1,000 local printing stop employes, which commeded on September 24, ended unis morning, when all resumed subsequent to the remetatement of the 30 limitsed workers by the Shun Lee Printing Company, no 59/603 Kiangse Road

at a meeting held by 30 employees of local digarette & xchange Shops in the Office of their union at No. 63 Joh You Road, City,



The D.C.I. had an interview with Colonel Tai

21th Fu

Commissioner of the Public Safety Bureau
at 13 Zen Chih Lee, Rue Porte de l'Cuest, French

Concession (Colonel Tai's residence) between 10.30
a.m. and 11.15 a.m. October fon the following subjects:-

Regarding the tragedy on Keswick Road on the evenging of October 3, the D.C.I. stated that the case was a most serious one and that on instructions of the Municipal Council he had specially called to obtain the cooperation of the Chinese Authorities and Police. The circumstances under which the bodies were found would seem to indicate a double murder and armed robbery. A number of picked S.M.P. detectives were specially detailed to make enquiries in the villages surrounding the scene of the murder. Col. Tai's assistance was therefore sought to enable these detectives to have a free hand in their investigations in the surrounding villages. Colonel Tai replied in the affirmative stating that he would instruct the Police in the 6th district to give every facility and cooperation to our detectives and that in addition he would detail two men to make special enquiries and to exchange information with S.E.P. detectives. The D.C.I. expressed his appreciation stating that a Chinese copy of the report on the studer would be forwarded to him together with the names of the S.M.P. detectives detailed for the investigation so that the Chinese Police of the 6th district might become acquainted with them.

Regarding the strike of postmen, Colonel Tai

stated that the Nanking Government had telegraphed to the Chinese Municipality and the Shanghai Special District Koumingtang to mediate.

The Colonel was not in a position to state what steps the Koumingtang would take but the Chinese Municipality was endeavouring to induce the strikers to resume work by peaceful means. Should these efforts fail, the Ministry of Communications would be approached for instructions as to whether the strikers should be dealt with or whether their demands for an increase in pay should be complied with.

The D.C.I. informed Colonel Tai that an application has been made by certain Chinese to hold a lantern procession through the Settlement on October 10. The Commissioner of Police wishes to have his opinion as to whether this would be desirable under present conditions. Jolonel Tai expressed agreement with the D.C.I. that until the strike of postal workers is settled, it would not be wise to permit such a procession because communists may take advantage of it to create disturbance.

Jugual on familes file



SECRET.

43/4/G.S."I"

DAILY INTELLIGENCE REPORT NO. 221.

I. LOCAL.

Employees of the local Chinese Post Office of and below the rank of junior clerks (Yu-wu-sheng), numbering about 1,800 went on strike at 6 am. today, to enforce the following demands:

1. That the wage system be revised throughout the country according to a uniform increase of 33.33 per cent in each successive rank, and Shanghai employees be given an allowance in addition.

2. That the Postal Regulations be revised within a year and that representatives of the Employees' Union be admitted to the Committee appointed to carry out the revision.

3. That the Postal Authorities permit the organisation of a National Labour Union of all postal omployees and allow \$10,000 for its inauguration and a subsidy of \$500 monthly.

\$500 monthly.

4. That the Postal Authorities issue \$2,000 to the Shanghai Postal Employees' Union and increase the monthly subsidy to \$200.

5. That each omployee be dismissed only with consent of the Union.

6. That mombers of the standing committee of the Employees' Union be exempted from P.O. duties and be given the usual pay and promotions.

7. That the Postal Authorities issue \$2,000 for the opening of a school and for employees' children and \$200 per month for its maintenance.

8. That an adequate solatium be given to the family of a deceased employee.

9. That no limit be placed on sick leave and medical expenses be borne by the P.O. Authorities.
10. That Now Year bonus of one menth's pay be issued to those having less than three years service.

those having less than three years service. It. That all employees be given helidays on Sundays and other general heli ays and that extra pay be issued for work on these days.

12. That all omployees be given equal treatment in respect of leave.

13. That the present system of class promotion be abolished and that class promotion be given once a year.

14. That an allowance of \$3.00 per month be issued to courtyard coolies.

15. That the sum of 30 dollars deducted from the death gratuity of a doceased omployee named Shun Hoh Tsung be refunded and that an apology be tendered by the person responsible for the deduction.

16. That the deducted wages of employees engaged on draft dosks be refunded and the person responsible for such deduction be reprimanded.

and a bonus of two months pay be issued to those having mouthin throe years service.

A number of the Postal employees are loyal and have remained at work. With this skeleton staff it is hoped to carry on a curtailed postal service. The service at present is naturally very disorganised and delays in the despatch and arrival of mails are bound to cour. Should the service become completely disorganised, letters posted through the Army Post Office marked "via Siberia" will be despatched via Canada.

The loyal workers are being protected by Chinese police, who have been brought in from Chinese territory for the purpose of guarding the interior of the postal buildings. The Municipal Police are unable to perform this work as the Post Office being Chinese Government property comes under the direct control of the Chinese Authorities:

The hunicipal Police are paraded in strength outside the buildings to prevent the strikers from entering the Post Offices and to prevent street disturbances. A meeting of the strikers took place this morning, but broke up without incident. Another meeting is being held this afternoon to decide upon a plan of action.

Branch Company

S. A.

3/10/20

Gaptain.
for Colonel.
General Staff.
North China Command.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

C. I. D. RECKER

No. 1. 0. 96 95

Date 3: 10: 28.

Municipal Police (C.I.).) Intelligence Summary - October 3,1928.

The strike of about 1,800 lower grade omployees of the Chinese Post Office continues. Meanwhile the functions of the Post Office are being carried out by a sheleton staff of some 350 senior clerks and hired transportation. Incoming foreign mail matter is being sorted out and handed over the counter to the public. The Japanese Amalgamated Association of Street Unions has undertaken the delivery of Japanese mail matter. No arrangements have yet been made for delivery of the Chinese mail.

A meeting of the strikers was held in the Post Office compound between 9 and 9.45 a.m. October 2. The gathering broke up in an orderly manner. At about 11 a.m. a party of Chinese Police arrived on the scene and cleared the compound of stragglers. A further meeting was arranged for 2 p.m. at the same place but, owing to the presence of the Chinese Police it did not take place. A meeting however was held between 3.30 and 4.30 p.m. by 500 strikers in the Commercial Press Employees Union, No. 1 Pacshan Road, Chapei, at which Sung Tien-sung, Chairman of the Strike Committee, urged perseverance in the strike and observance of the orders of the Committee.

The Postal Authorities meanwhile are taking back those of the junior clerks who desire to resume. So far very few of them have turned up. As regards postmen and coolies the Postal Authorities are for the time being not taking them back. So far the strike has been without incident.

The strike of about 1,000 local printing shop employees which commenced on September 24, continues. The employees union at Sung Zung Li, Paoshan Road, near the corner of Boundary Road has received up till now about \$2,000 in daily contributions from various local labour unions in support of the strike. A temporary branch office of the Union has been established at Tai Hang Li, outside West Late.

120 employees of 20 paper shore in the Northern section of the Chinese City, who went on strike on September 13, resumed this morning subsequent to the employers having made the following concessions:-

1. That a compensation of \$25 be given to the employee who was assaulted and wounded by a member of the Herchant Volunteer Corps in the Ai Lien Dong Paper Shop, City, on September 11.

SHOR IT - NOT FOR PRISS PUBLICATION.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

C. I. D. RECISTRY

No. 1. 0. 3 10 28

Date

Municipal Molico (G.I.D.) Intelligence Surmary - October 2,1928.

Imployees of the local Chinese Post Office of and below the rank of junior clerks (Yu-wa-sheng), numbering about 1,800, went on strike at 5 a.m. today to enforce the following demands:-

- 1. That the wage system be revised throughout the country according to a uniform increase of 33.63 per cent in each successive rank, and Shanghei employees be given an allowance in addition.
- 2. That the Postal Regulations be revised within a year and that representatives of the Limpleyees Union be admitted to the Committee appointed to carry out the revision.
- 3. That the Postal Authorities permit the organization of a National Labour Union of all postal suployees and allow \$10,000 for its inauguration and a subsidy of \$500 monthly.
- 4. That the Fostal Authorities issue \$2,000 to the Shanghai Postal Employees' Union and increase the monthly subsidy to \$200.
- 5. That each employed be dismissed only with the consent of the Union.
- 6. That members of the Standing Committee of the Hmployees Union be exempted from P.C. duties and be given the usual pay and promotions.
- 7. That the Postal Authorities issue \$2,000 for the opening of a school and for employees children and \$200 per month for its maintanance.
- E. That an adequate solutium be given to the family of a decommod amploye.
- 9. That no limit be placed on sick leave and medical expenses be borne by the Y.C.Authorities.
- 10. Mat New Year bonus of one month's pay be issued to those having less than three years service and a bonus of two months' pay be issued to those having more than three years service.
- 11. That all employees be given holidays on Sundays and other general holidays and that extra pay be issued for work on these days.
- 12. That all employees be given equal treatment in respect of leave.
- 13. That the present system of class promotion be abolished and that class promotion be given once a year.
- 14. That an allowance of 33,00 be issued to court-yard coolies.
- 15. That the sum of 500 deducted from the death gratuity of a deceased suployer paned Shun Toung be refunded and that an apology be tendered

Translation of Extracts from "The Shanghai Postal Worker"
No. 3, Volume I. September 20,1928.

Page 5.

Workers! Oppressed peoples! Unite and re-assume your responsibility for a revolution! Break our slave bond, the Boxer Treaty! Break this look and chain! Let us emancipate the Chinese people! Accomplish our historical mission!

Page 20.

We, workers, all realise that the imperialists are our deadly enemies. All capitalists, militarists and traitorous labourers depend upon the imperialistic influence in opposing us. But why have the imperialists such a great influence? It is because they are protected by the Boxer Treaty. This treaty was signed on September 7, so we should never forget the Sept. 7 anaiversary.

Page 43.

The May 30 tragedy (massacre), the Wanhsien incident, the Shameen tragedy, the murder of Chen Ah Dong by Japanese soldings, the Sing Dah Ming case, the killing of anti-Japanese crowd at Amoy and the recent May 3 Tsinan tragedy are all proofs of the atrocity and cruelty of the imperialists. Their only tool is the deplorable Boxer Treaty. If the Chinese people wish to remove their "colonial" sufferings, they must first eliminate the Boxer Treaty and overthrow the imperialists.

Page 48.

We have only one way out, that is to adopt a firm attitude, and to abblish for permanent all unequal treaties, otherwise it is not a revolution and China would never be emancipated.

Page 50.

"Imperialism" does not depend upon the good or bad disposition of foreigners. It is a direct product of the development of Capitalism. Therefore to wish any one imperialistic nation to be kind to us and refrain from aggressing us, simply deceives cheself. The only way is for the oppressed peoples of the world, with the concert of all oppressed classes, todestroy Imperialism, and only then can we establish a universal society in the world.

Page 59.

What we want is the permanent abolition of the unequal treaties. Revision of treaties is simply a trick played by the imperialists. We, the people, are strongly opposed to revision.

Page 63.

There are at present a type of "executives" who are afraid of revolution. They would not join the revolution. They are opposed to revolution. This is because they have been induced to do so by the imperialists. Consequently in order to prevent the growth of new or old militarists and "Evan Liao" (officials), we must first eliminate Imperialism.

Tage 67

Since the outbreak of the Teinar tragedy, the Jovernment has remained inactive in regard to negotiations. Consequently the Japanese imperialists have become more bold and have attacked our postal workers in Tientsin. Postal workers of the whole country, overthrow the atrocious Japanese imperialists with your own hands :

Page 81

To overthrow the imperialists we do not mean only a few foreigners. We should eliminate all economic and political influences tracking of the imperialists in China.

84.

If China wants liberty and equality, the first step undoubtedly is the abolition of all unequal treaties. At present, however, certain people, being afraid of the influence and power of the imperialists, dare not shout "Abolish treaties", but suggest "revision of Treaties". This is contrary to the revolutionary idea and all people should oppose it.

Page 90

Oppressed peoples of colonies and the proletariat of imperialistic nations are all our friends. We should be closely united and overthrow our common exertix enemies, the International Imperialists:

Page 107

The French Imperialists have again murdered (by shooting) our fellow worker Woo Dong Mung in the French Concession. Workers throughout the country, unite quickly and exterminate all imperialists: